United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida

The Smiley Company SPRL, Plaintiff,))
v.) Civil Action No. 23-22352-Civ-Scola
Zerogiving and others, Defendants.))

Order Granting Motion for Preliminary Injunction

This matter comes before the Court on the Plaintiff's ex parte Motion for entry of temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, and order restraining transfer of assets (the "Motion") (ECF No. 7) and upon the hearing held on August 4, 2023. The Plaintiff, The Smiley Company SPRL ("Smiley" or "Plaintiff") moves for entry of a preliminary injunction against, and for an order restraining the financial accounts used by, the Defendants, the Individuals, Partnerships, and Unincorporated Associations Identified on Schedule "A" (collectively, the "Defendants") pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, 17 U.S.C. § 502, Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65, and The All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a). The Court has carefully considered the Motion, the pertinent portions of the record, and is otherwise fully advised in the premises.

The Court convened a hearing on **August 4, 2023**, at which only counsel for the Plaintiff was present and available to present evidence supporting the Motion. The Defendants have not formally responded to the Motion, nor made any filings in this case, or appeared in this matter either individually or through counsel. Because the Plaintiff has satisfied the requirements for the issuance of a preliminary injunction, the Court **grants** the Motion for a preliminary injunction. (**Pl.'s Mot., ECF No. 7.**)

1. Background

The following factual background is taken from the Plaintiff's complaint (Compl., ECF No. 1), Motion (Pl.'s Mot., ECF No. 7), and supporting evidentiary submissions and exhibits.

The Plaintiff is the owner of the following trademarks, which are valid and registered on the Principal Register of the United States Patent and Trademark Office (collectively, the "Smiley Marks"):

SMILEY	2,747,618	08/05/2003	IC 003. US 001 004 006 050 051 052. G & S: non-medicated cosmetic preparations for slimming purposes, namely, skin creams, skin lotions, [skin pomades, rust removing preparations,] suntanning preparations for cosmetic purposes, [fabric softeners for laundry use, shaving soap, cotton sticks for cosmetic purposes, skin whitening creams, laundry bleach, scented wood, floor polish, hair color, hair dyes, hair waxing lotions, artificial eyelashes, shoe care products, namely, shoe wax, shoe polish, and shoe cream, depilatory wax, parquet floor wax, polishing wax for use on furniture and automobiles, leather preservatives, namely, polishing creams and waxes, cosmetic kits comprised of eyelash pencils, eyelid pencils, namely], shampoos, [drain openers, general purpose scouring powders, decolorants for cosmetic purposes, namely, hair decolorants, degreasing preparations not used in the manufacturing process for use on floors, make-up removing preparations, depilatory creams, stains removers, paint removers, rust and
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			preparations, laundry detergents,] toilet water, [anti-static dryers sheets, emery paper, emery cloth, emery boards, polish for furniture and flooring, incense, windscreen cleaning preparations,] essentials oils for personal use[, hair lacquer, hair bleaching preparations, sachets for perfuming linen, hair lotions, false nails, cotton balls for cosmetic purposes, abrasive paper for use on the nails, wallpaper cleaning preparations, paint stripper, pumice stones for personal use, adhesives for cosmetic use, namely, adhesives for use in connection with artificial hair, shaving preparations, varnishremoving preparations]. FIRST USE: 20010226. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20010226
SMILEY	2,566,529	05/07/2002	IC 028. US 022 023 038 050. G & S: Toys, namely plush stuffed toys and plastic balls, latex balls and squeezable balls [; sporting goods, namely knee pad]. FIRST USE: 19880516. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 19880516s
SMILEY	5,453,732	04/24/2018	IC 003. US 001 004 006 050 051 052. G & S: Bubble bath, Deodorants for personal use, lotions, false nails. FIRST USE: 20150401. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 004. US 001 006 015. G & S: candles. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 005. US 006 018 044 046 051 052. G & S: Food for babies, adhesive bandages, air deodorant, feminine hygiene pads, additive for nutritional purposes, sanitary napkins, car deodorants, vitamin supplements; babies' disposable diapers. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 006. US 002 012 013 014 023 025 050. G & S: metal keys for locks. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 008. US 023 028 044. G & S: Spoons, hand tools, beard clippers, scissors, nail clippers, hair removing tweezers, ice picks, nail files, manicure sets, hammers, pedicure sets, pliers, electric and non-electric razors, screwdrivers and drills; electric and non-electric flat irons. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 009. US 021 023 026 036 038. G & S: Weighing apparatus, scales, calculating machines, sound amplifiers, antiglare glasses, computer terminals, electric, neon or luminous signs, photographic cameras, magnetic encoded cards, cartridges for video games, life jackets, computer keyboards, electrical connectors, contact lenses, electrical sockets, eyeglass cases, blank magnetic data carriers, fire extinguishers, loudspeakers, telephone apparatus, sunglasses, computer memories, computer peripheral mouse pads, computer mouse, television sets, video cameras, and video game cartridges. FIRST USE: 20121201. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 014. US 002 027 028 050. G & S: Precious metals and their alloys sold in bulk, clocks, works of art of precious metal, jewelry, jewelry boxes, earrings, watches, bracelets, cuff links, brooches, necklaces. FIRST USE: 20150601. FIRST USE IN

COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 016. US 002 005 022 023 029 037 038 050. G & S: Adhesive tapes for stationery or household purposes, posters, photo albums, scrapbooks, lithographic prints, stickers, loose-leaf binders, boxes of cardboard or paper, rubber stamps, calendars, printing sewing patterns, note books, business cards, postcards, tags for index cards, iron-on transfers and plastic transfers, decalcomanias, graphic art reproductions, stationery folders, writing materials, namely, note books, post cards, ballpoint pens, anniversary books, appointment books, autograph books, baby books, sketch books, sketch pads, bookmarks, daily planners, date books, address books, diaries, engagement books, envelopes, electric and non-electric erasers, fountain pens, pen or pencil holders, pen or pencil trays, pencils, artists' pencils, drawing pencils, pencil boxes, pencil cases, pen cases, stationery, and envelopes, rubber erasers, wrapping paper, pencils, stationery envelopes, blank or partially printed paper labels, announcement cards, writing paper, school supplies, namely,

notebooks, pencil cases, toilet paper, pictures, printed matter, namely, magazines in the field of art, lithographs, table linen of paper, handkerchiefs of paper, stationery, paper stationery, paper banners, paper bags, unmounted photographs, art prints, pen and pencil trays, printed publications, namely, magazines, newspapers, graphic art reproductions, plastic or paper envelopes, bags and pouches for merchandise packaging, writing pads, fountain pens, and paper or plastic transparencies, paper towels, embroidery design patterns, table mats of paper, pencil sharpeners. FIRST USE: 20130901. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 021. US 002 013 023 029 030 033 040 050. G & S: Combs, toilet brushes, water troughs, thermal insulated containers for food, terracotta or glass, figurines, table plates not of precious metal, brooms, cocktail picks, drinking flasks for travelers, drinking vessels, beer mugs, soap boxes, dispensing paper towels for household use, nonelectric kettles, bottles sold empty, bottle

openers, pitchers not of precious metal, nonelectric toothbrushes, perfume burners, coffee services, not of precious metal, egg cups not of precious metal, beverage glassware, jugs, cookery molds, cooking utensils, toothpicks, cutting boards for the kitchen, trivets, toilet paper holders, soap dispensers, sponges for household purposes, scouring sponges for toilets, earthenware basins in the nature of bowls, household utensils, flower pots; gloves for household purposes, gloves for gardening, ice buckets, non-electric portable coolers for food and beverages, goblets, not of precious metal, mugs, not of precious metal, bottlegourds, not of precious metal, crumb trays, dishes, soap holders, sponge holders, ironing boards, pepper shakers, garbage cans, trash cans, napkin rings, thermal insulated bags for food or beverages, statutes, statuettes, table plates, napkin holders, nonmetal piggy banks, earthenware mugs, drinking glasses, tableware services not of precious metal. FIRST USE: 20130901. FIRST

USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 025. US 022 039. G & S: Clothing, namely, suits, dresses, t-shirts, sweatshirts, raincoats, shorts, stockings, cloth bibs, berets, hosiery, boots, suspenders, pants, baseball caps, golf caps, athletic shoes, masquerade costumes, hats, babies pants, neckties, sashes for wear, scarves, gloves, layettes, slippers, ear muffs, aprons, sportswear, namely, jogging suits, and training suits. FIRST USE: 20121201. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 026. US 037 039 040 042 050. G & S: Hair accessories, electric hair curlers. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 027. US 019 020 037 042 050. G & S: carpets. FIRST USE: 20141201. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 028. US 022 023 038 050. G & S: Games, playthings, namely, toys in the nature of flying disks, sporting articles, golf balls, handballs, playground balls, soccer balls, baseballs, basketballs, bowling balls,

footballs, tennis balls, rubber balls, sports balls, table tennis balls, volley balls, beach balls balloons, toys, namely, jigsaw puzzles; Christmas tree ornaments, party favors in the nature of small toys; namely, confetti. FIRST USE: 20121201. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 029. US 046. G & S: Meat. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 030. US 046. G & S: Sugar, pasta, corn flakes, chewing gum. FIRST USE: 20170301. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 032. US 045 046 048. G & S: Mineral and aerated waters, fruit juices. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 034. US 002 008 009 017. G & S: Cigarette cases, cigarette lighters, ashtrays not of precious metal, cigarette holders, not of precious metal, ashtrays of precious metal for smokers. FIRST USE: 20141201. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125

IC 035. US 100 101 102. G & S: Advertising and marketing. FIRST USE:

			20150601. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125 IC 036. US 100 101 102. G & S: Credit card services, monetary exchange. FIRST USE: 19720717. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125 IC 038. US 100 101 104. G & S: Telecommunication services, namely, personal communication. FIRST USE: 20170701. FIRST USE: 20170701. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20180125
SMILEY	2,970,055	07/19/2005	IC 003. US 001 004 006 050 051 052. G & S: Soaps, bath gels, makeup, perfumes, body lotions, nail care preparations, cosmetic preparations for skin renewal, hair shampoos, hair gel. FIRST USE: 20010226. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20010226
SMILEY	3,016,430	11/15/2005	IC 009. US 021 023 026 036 038. G & S: Downloadable computer software program for use in attaching, icons or other symbols, in e-mail correspondence and instant messaging. FIRST USE: 20001200. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20001200
SMILEY	2,801,529	12/30/2003	IC 025. US 022 039. G & S: Clothing, namely, pullovers, [trousers] and shirts. FIRST USE:

			19700000. FIRST USE IN
			COMMERCE: 19700000
			IC 016. US 002 005 022
			023 029 037 038 050. G
			& S: Printed matter,
			namely, children's books,
			stationery, greeting cards,
			note cards, post cards,
			posters, newspapers,
			printed calendars, printed
			forms, printed invitations,
			photo albums,
			scrapbooks, photographs; bookbinding materials,
			namely, bookbinding
			papers or cloth,
			bookbinding adhesive
			tape or glue; adhesive
			tapes for stationery or
			household purposes;
4 4			artists' materials, namely,
• •			artists' paintbrushes,
			typeset printing blocks,
1	5,348,135	12/05/2017	printing type, art pads,
			art paper, paper,
			cardboard, dressmaking
			patterns, drawings, watercolors, paintings
			both framed and
			unframed; lithographic or
			engraved art objects;
			writing implements,
			namely, pens, pencils,
			fountain pens, artists'
			pencils; drawing
			instruments, namely,
			charcoal pencils, drawing
		pencils, pencil cases;	
		typewriters and office	
			requisites except
			furniture, namely,
			magnetic boards, file
			folders, desktop stationery
			cabinets; Printed
			instructional, educational,

and teaching materials in the field of primary education; cardboard or paper boxes; paper products, namely, paper handkerchiefs, paper towels, paper table linen, toilet paper, babies' disposable napkins of paper and cellulose; bags, namely, paper or plastic for use as gift bags, paper bags or pouches, paper and plastic bags for merchandise packaging purposes, paper and plastic garbage bags; pamphlets in the field of fashion, home, decorating and licensing; prospectuses in the field of fashion, home, decorating and licensing

IC 018. US 001 002 003 022 041. G & S: Leather and imitation leather, animal skins and hides; trunks and suitcases; umbrellas, parasols and walking sticks; whips, harness and saddlery; wallets, purses not of precious metal; handbags, backpacks, wheeled bags; sports bags for climbers; sports bags for campers; traveling bags, beach bags, school bags, unfitted vanity cases; collars and clothing for animals, namely, pet clothing and collars; mesh shopping bags, mesh shopping nets for use in

			an automobile; leather
			bags or pouches
		IC 027. US 019 020 037 042 050. G & S: Bath	
SMILEY	6,428,755	05/14/2019	mats; Rugs; Floor mats for vehicles. FIRST USE: 20110228. FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20190331

(See N. Loufrani Decl. ¶ 9, ECF No. 7-2; Schedule B to N. Loufrani Decl., ECF No. 7-3; see also Compl. ¶ 25, ECF No. 1.) The Smiley Marks are used in connection with the design, marketing, and distribution of high-quality goods in the categories identified above. (See N. Loufrani Decl. \P 11, ECF No. 7-2.)

The Plaintiff is also the owner of the following copyrights registered in the United States of America:

Registration	Registration	Title of Work	
Number	Date		
VAu000446942	1999	Andazia InternationalMillennium 2000 T-	
		shirts : no. 280-283, 287-289.	
VAu000446948	1999	BerkshireSmiley babies outerwear,	
		socks, Smiley rainwear, umbrellas, Smilette	
		: no. BERK001-BER019.	
VAu000446941	1999	Commonwealth toySmiley Babies	
		packaging labels : no. CTN01-CTN05.	
VAu000304029	1998	Freeze/Millennium 2000 T-shirts :	
		no. FR001-FR118.	
VAu000446947	1999	FreezeMillennium 2000 T-shirts : no.	
		FR119-FR168.	
VAu000446946	1999	Home Group, IncSmiley headwear : no.	
		HG001-HG004.	
VAu000456386	1999	Jacques Moret Intimates/SHB intimates	
		: no. JM045-JM068.	
VAu000446943	1999	Maru artworkSmiley characters,	
		millennium 2000 : no. MARU01-MARU06.	
VAu000446940	1999	Millennium 2000 socks : no. 6209-6248,	
		6250-6256.	
VAu000456387	1999	NTD Apparel, Inc. : no. NTD181-NTD280.	
VAu000446944	1999	Pro Specialties GroupMillennium 2000 :	
		no. PS005-PS006.	
VAu000446945	1999	Ralph MarlinMillennium 2000 boxers :	
		no. RM001-RM005.	
VAu000440872	1998	"Smiley for kids" December 98.	
PAu002457240	1999	Smiley forever.	
PAu002457241	1999	Smiley trend bookfall/winter 2000-01.	

(See N. Loufrani Decl. ¶ 10, ECF No. 7-2; Schedule C to N. Loufrani Decl., ECF No. 7-4; see also Compl. ¶ 32, ECF No. 1.) The copyrighted works identified in Schedule C to the declaration of Nicolas Loufrani in support of the Plaintiff's Motion are collectively referred to herein as the "Copyrighted Works."

The Defendants, through the various Internet based e-commerce stores operating under the seller identities identified on Schedule "A" to the Complaint (the "Seller IDs"), have advertised, promoted, offered for sale, or sold goods bearing and/or using what the Plaintiff has determined to be counterfeits, infringements, reproductions, or colorable imitations of the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works. (*See* N. Loufrani Decl. ¶¶ 15–18, ECF No. 7-2; R. Guerra Decl. ¶ 5, ECF No. 7-5.)

Although each of the Defendants may not copy and infringe each of the Smiley Marks for each category of goods protected and/or each of the Copyrighted Works, the Plaintiff has submitted sufficient evidence showing each of the Defendants has infringed at least one or more of the Smiley Marks and/or Copyrighted Works. (See R. Guerra Decl. ¶ 4, ECF No. 7-5; Suppl. Exs. to R. Guerra Decl., ECF No. 14.) Moreover, the Defendants are not now, nor have they ever been, authorized or licensed to use, reproduce, or make counterfeits, reproductions, or colorable imitations of the Smiley Marks or Copyrighted Works. (See N. Loufrani Decl. ¶¶ 15, ECF No. 7-2.)

The Plaintiff investigated the promotion and sale of counterfeit and infringing versions of the Plaintiff's branded and copyright-protected products by the Defendants. (*See id.* ¶¶ 15-18.) The Plaintiff accessed each of the ecommerce stores operating under the Defendants' Seller IDs, initiated the ordering process for the purchase of a product from each of the Seller IDs, bearing counterfeits of, at least, one of the Smiley Marks and/or Copyrighted Works at issue in this action, and requested each product to be shipped to an address in the Southern District of Florida. (*See id.*; R. Guerra Decl. ¶ 5, ECF No. 7-5.) The Plaintiff conducted a review and visually inspected the Smiley branded items for which orders were initiated by the Plaintiff's third-party investigator via the Seller IDs and determined the products were nongenuine, unauthorized versions of the Plaintiff's products. (*See* N. Loufrani Decl. ¶¶ 17-18, ECF No. 7-2.)

On July 10, 2023, the Court issued an order granting the Plaintiff's ex parte motion for entry of a temporary restraining order and set a hearing on the Plaintiff's requested preliminary injunction for July 24, 2023. (ECF No. 17.) The Plaintiff also moved for, and the Court authorized, alternate service of process on the Defendants. (ECF Nos. 8 and 18.) On July 20, 2023, the Court granted the Plaintiff's motion to continue the preliminary injunction hearing and to extend the temporary restraining order until the date of the continued

hearing to allow the Plaintiff time to serve all the Defendants. (ECF No. 21.) The preliminary injunction hearing was held on August 4, 2023. Prior to the hearing, the Plaintiff provided the Defendants with notice of its ex parte Motion for entry of temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, and order restraining transfer of assets and with copies of the Court's July 10, 2023, order via electronic mail ("e-mail") and via website posting. (ECF No. 29.)

2. Legal Standard

To obtain a preliminary injunction, a party must demonstrate "(1) a substantial likelihood of success on the merits; (2) that irreparable injury will be suffered if the relief is not granted; (3) that the threatened injury outweighs the harm the relief would inflict on the nonmovant; and (4) that the entry of the relief would serve the public interest." *Schiavo ex. Rel Schindler v. Schiavo*, 403 F.3d 1223, 1225–26 (11th Cir. 2005) (per curiam); *see also Levi Strauss & Co. v. Sunrise Int'l. Trading Inc.*, 51 F.3d 982, 985 (11th Cir. 1995) (applying the test to a preliminary injunction in a Lanham Act case).

3. Analysis

Based on the declarations submitted in support of the Plaintiff's Motion, as well as the evidence presented at the preliminary injunction hearing, the Court concludes that the Plaintiff has a strong probability of proving at trial that consumers are likely to be confused by the Defendants' advertisement, promotion, sale, offer for sale, or distribution of goods bearing or using counterfeits, reproductions, or colorable imitations of one or more the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works, that the products the Defendants are selling and promoting for sale bear or use copies of the Plaintiff's intellectual property, and that the infringement of the trademarks and copyrights will likely cause the Plaintiff to suffer immediate and irreparable injury if a preliminary injunction is not granted.

Specifically, the Court concludes that:

- A. The Plaintiff has a strong probability of proving at trial that (1) consumers are likely to be confused by the Defendants' advertisement, promotion, sale, offer for sale, or distribution of goods bearing and/or using counterfeits, reproductions, or colorable imitations of the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works, and that (2) the products Defendants are selling and promoting for sale are copies of the Plaintiff's products which bear copies of the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works.
- B. Because of the infringement of the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works, the Plaintiff is likely to suffer immediate and irreparable injury if a

preliminary injunction is not granted. The following specific facts, as set forth in the Plaintiff's Complaint, Motion, and accompanying declarations, as well as the evidence presented at the preliminary injunction hearing, demonstrate that immediate and irreparable loss, damage, and injury will result to the Plaintiff and to consumers because it is more likely true than not that:

- 1. The Defendants own or control e-commerce stores via Internet marketplace platforms operating under their Seller IDs which advertise, promote, offer for sale, and sell products bearing or using counterfeit and infringing trademarks and copyrights in violation of the Plaintiff's rights; and
- 2. There is good cause to believe that more counterfeit and infringing products bearing the Plaintiff's trademarks and copyrights will appear in the marketplace; that consumers are likely to be misled, confused, and disappointed by the quality of these products; and that the Plaintiff may suffer loss of sales for its genuine products and an unnatural erosion of the legitimate marketplace in which it operates.
- C. The balance of potential harm to the Defendants in restraining their trade in counterfeit and infringing branded goods if a preliminary injunction is issued is far outweighed by the potential harm to the Plaintiff, its reputation, and its goodwill as manufacturers and distributors of quality products if such relief is not issued.
- D. The public interest favors issuance of a preliminary injunction to protect the Plaintiff's trademark and copyright interests, to encourage respect for the law, to facilitate the invention and development of innovative products, and to protect the public from being defrauded by the illegal sale of counterfeit goods.

Further, under 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a), the Plaintiff may be entitled to recover, as an equitable remedy, the illegal profits gained through the Defendants' distribution and sales of goods bearing counterfeits and infringements of the Smiley Marks. See Reebok Int'l, Ltd. v. Marnatech Enters., Inc., 970 F.2d 552, 559 (9th Cir. 1992) (quoting Fuller Brush Prods. Co. v. Fuller Brush Co., 299 F.2d 772, 777 (7th Cir. 1962) ("An accounting of profits under § 1117(a) is not synonymous with an award of monetary damages: '[a]n accounting for profits . . . is an equitable remedy subject to the principles of equity."")).

Requesting equitable relief "invokes the district court's inherent equitable powers to order preliminary relief, including an asset freeze, in order to assure the availability of permanent relief." *Levi Strauss & Co.*, 51 F.3d at 987 (citing *Federal Trade Commission v. United States Oil & Gas Corp.*, 748 F.2d 1431, 1433-34 (11th Cir. 1984)).

In light of the inherently deceptive nature of the counterfeiting business, and the likelihood that the Defendants have violated federal trademark and copyright laws, the Plaintiff has good reason to believe the Defendants will hide or transfer their ill-gotten assets beyond the jurisdiction of this Court unless those assets are restrained.

4. Conclusion

Accordingly, upon review of the Plaintiff's Complaint, Motion, and supporting evidentiary submissions, the Court hereby **orders and adjudges** that the Plaintiff's Motion for a preliminary injunction (**ECF No. 7**) is **granted**, under the terms set forth below:

A. Preliminary Injunction

- (1) Each of the Defendants, its officers, directors, employees, agents, subsidiaries, distributors, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of the Defendants having notice of this Order are hereby restrained and enjoined, until further order of this Court, as follows:
 - a. From manufacturing, importing, advertising, promoting, offering to sell, selling, distributing, or transferring any products bearing the Smiley Marks, or any confusingly similar trademarks, other than those actually manufactured or distributed by the Plaintiff;
 - b. From secreting, concealing, destroying, selling off, transferring, or otherwise disposing of: (i) any products, not manufactured or distributed by the Plaintiff, bearing and/or using the Smiley Marks, or any confusingly similar trademarks; (ii) any evidence relating to the manufacture, importation, sale, offer for sale, distribution, or transfer of any products bearing and/or using the Smiley Marks, or any confusingly similar trademarks; or (iii) any assets or other financial accounts subject to this Order, including inventory assets, in the actual or constructive possession of, or owned, controlled, or held by, or subject to access by, any of the Defendants, including, but not limited to, any assets held by or on behalf of any of the Defendants; and
 - c. From using any reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or colorable imitation of the Copyrighted Works in connection with the publicity, promotion, sale, or advertising of any goods sold by Defendants.

- (2) Each of the Defendants, its officers, directors, employees, agents, subsidiaries, distributors, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of the Defendants having notice of this Order shall, to the extent not already done, immediately discontinue the unauthorized use of the Smiley Marks, confusingly similar trademarks, or unauthorized copies of the Copyrighted Works on or in connection with all Internet based e-commerce stores owned and operated, or controlled by them, including the Internet based e-commerce stores operating under the Seller IDs.
- (3) Each of the Defendants shall not transfer ownership of the Seller IDs during the pendency of this action, or until further Order of the Court.
- Upon receipt of notice of this Order, the Defendants and any third party financial institutions, payment processors, banks, escrow services, money transmitters, or marketplace platforms who is providing services for any of the Defendants, including but not limited to, AliExpress, Alipay, Dhgate, Dhpay, Joom, Wish, Wishpay, Amazon, Amazon Pay, Ebay, Etsy, and/or Taobao, and their related companies and affiliates (collectively, the "Third Party Providers"), shall, to the extent not already done, restrain the transfer of all funds, including funds relating to ongoing account activity, held or received for the Defendants' benefit or to be transferred into the Defendants' respective financial accounts, and restrain any other financial accounts tied thereto, and immediately divert those restrained funds to a holding account for the trust of the Court. Such restraining of the funds and the disclosure of the related financial institution account information (as provided below) shall be made without notice to the account owners or the financial institutions until after those accounts are restrained. No funds restrained by this Order shall be transferred or surrendered by any Third Party Provider for any purpose (other than pursuant to a chargeback made pursuant to their security interest in the funds) without the express authorization of this Court.
- (5) Any Defendant or Third-Party Provider subject to this Order may petition the Court to modify the asset restraint set out in this Order.
- (6) This Order shall apply to the Seller IDs, associated ecommerce stores and websites, and any other seller identification names, e-commerce stores, domain names, websites, or financial accounts which are being used by Defendants for the purpose of counterfeiting and infringing the Smiley Marks and Copyrighted Works at issue in this action and/or unfairly competing with Plaintiff.
- (7) As a matter of law, this Order shall no longer apply to any of the Defendants or associated Seller IDs, ecommerce stores, or websites, dismissed from this action or as to which the Plaintiff has withdrawn its request for a preliminary injunction.

- (8) This Order is subject to the jurisdictional constraints of the Lanham Act. See Steele v. Bulova Watch Co., 344 U.S. 280 (1952); Int'l Café, S.A.L. v. Hard Rock Café Int'l (U.S.A.), Inc., 252 F.3d 1274, 1278-79 (11th Cir. 2001).
- (9) This Order shall remain in effect during the pendency of this action, or until further order of this Court.

B. Bond

(10) Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116(d)(5)(D) and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65(c), the Plaintiff shall maintain its previously posted bond in the amount of **Ten Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$10,000.00)**, as payment of damages to which the Defendants may be entitled for a wrongful injunction or restraint, during the pendency of this action, or until further Order of the Court. In the Court's discretion, the bond may be subject to increase should an application be made in the interest of justice.

Done and ordered at Miami, Florida on August 7, 2023.

Robert N. Scola, Jr.

United States District Judge